



Heavy-duty vehicles retrofitting by Dual Fuel Liquid Natural Gas technology

Final Event 21/02/2024

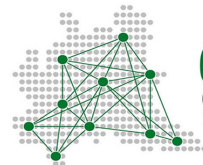


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C1.2 Valutazione integrata dell'impatto di DUALNG sulla qualità dell'aria e sulle emissioni di GHG in un test case sulla Regione Lombardia (IT)

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Dipartimento di Ingegneria Meccanica e Industriale
Università di Brescia



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Obiettivo

Valutazione modellistica dell'impatto della tecnologia DUALNG sulla qualità dell'aria e emissioni di GHG della Regione Lombardia (IT).



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Gas serra



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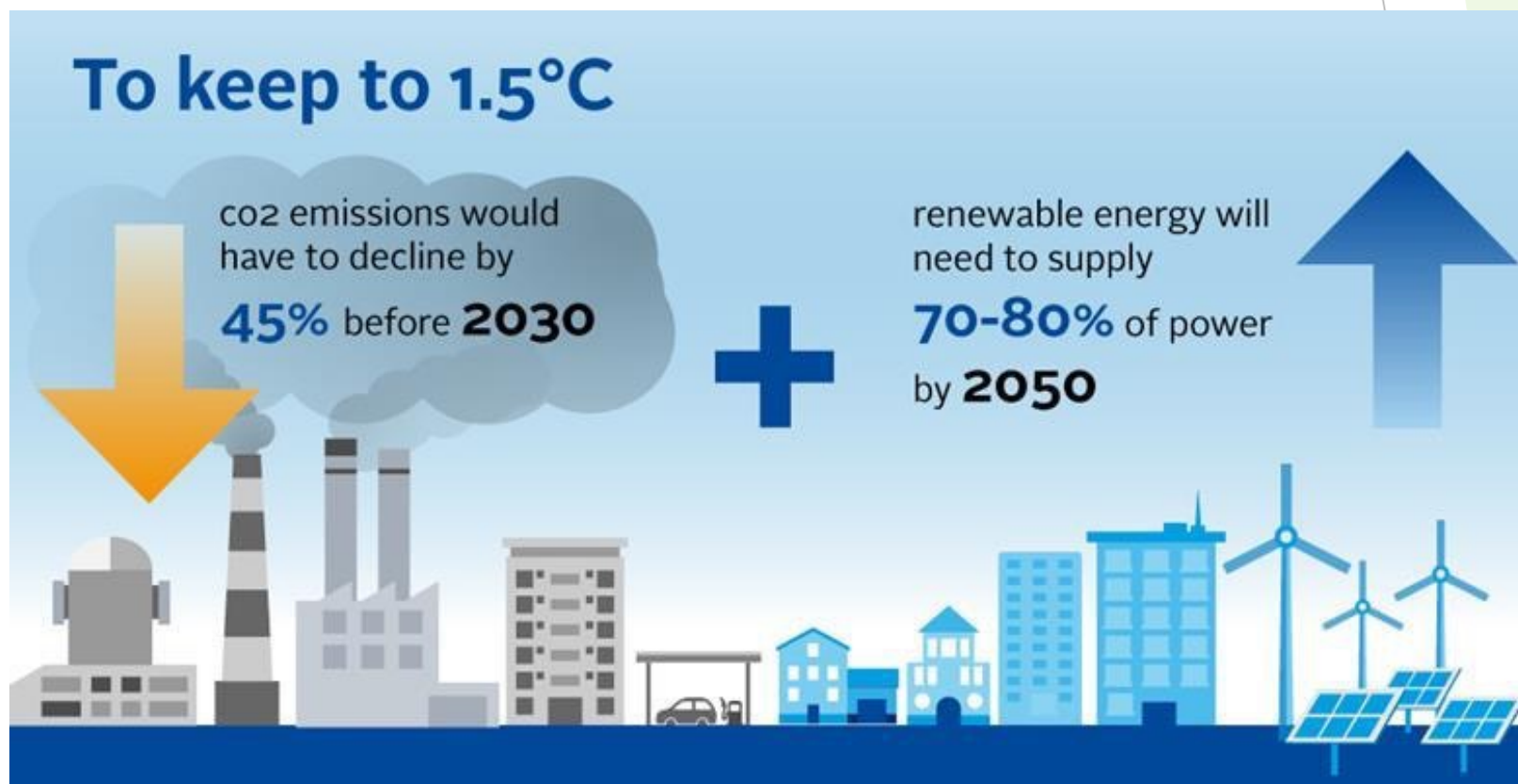
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COP21 (2015) - Green Deal (EU 2019)



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https://commission.europa.eu/strategy-and-policy/priorities-2019-2024/european-green-deal_en



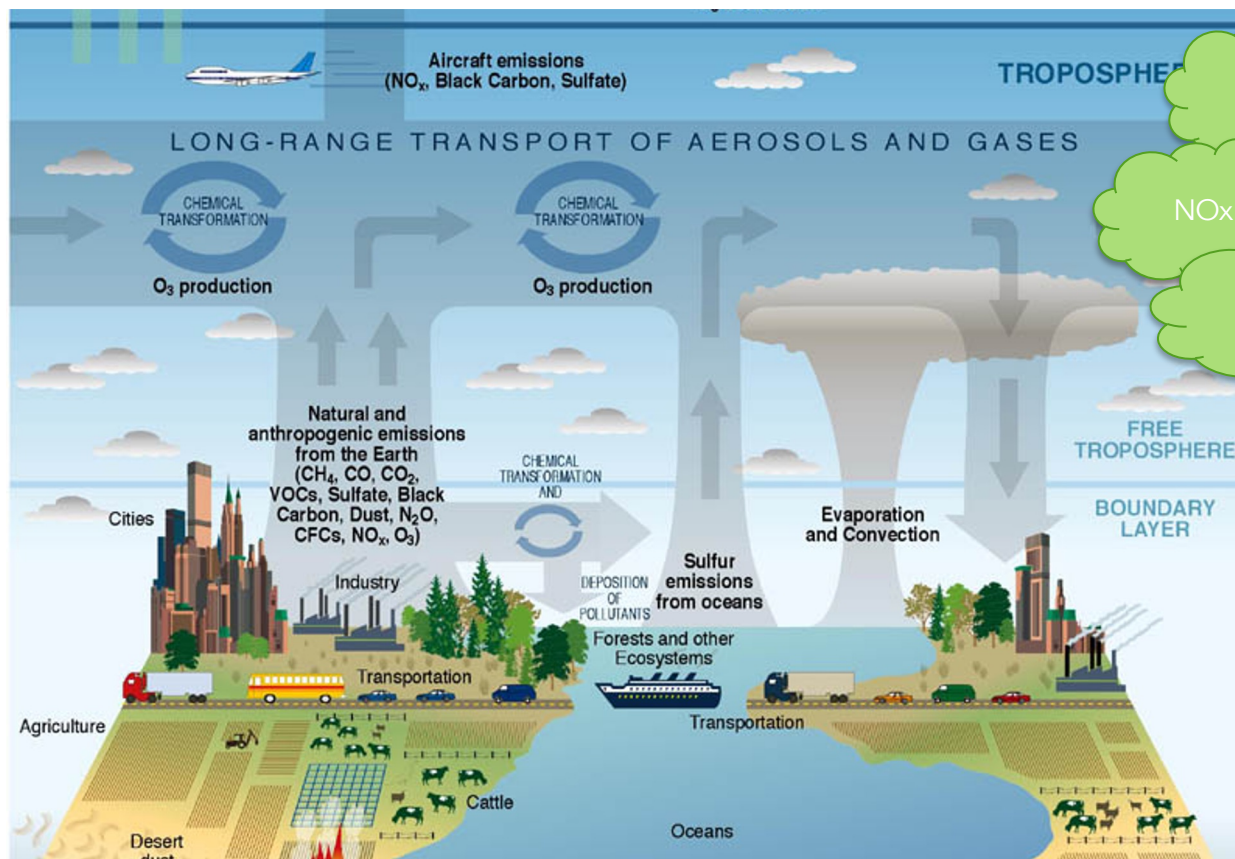
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Inquinamento atmosferico



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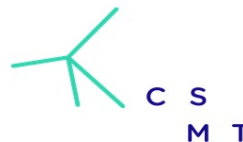


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- ▶ Zero pollution action plan (2021): -55% morti premature al 2035 rispetto al 2005
- ▶ Nuova direttiva EU per la qualità dell'aria (2024)
 - ▶ PM2.5: 10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 - ▶ NO2: 20 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$



https://environment.ec.europa.eu/strategy/zero-pollution-action-plan_en



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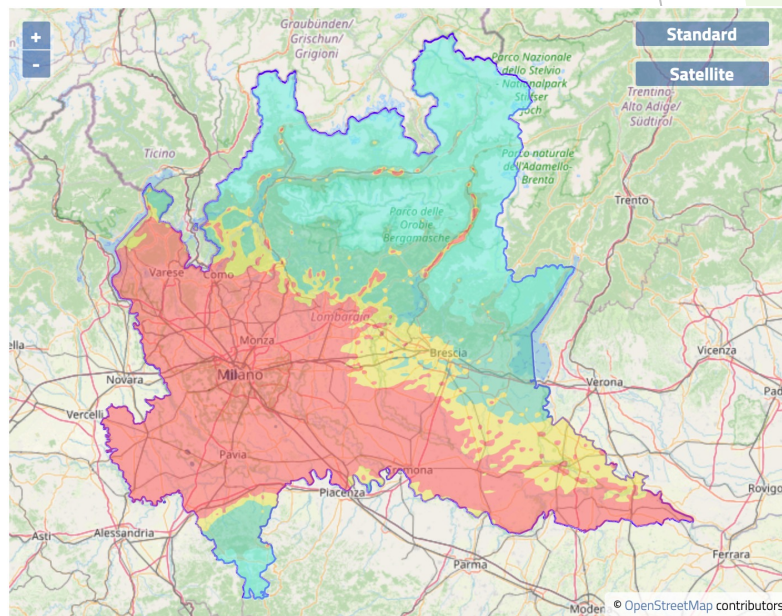
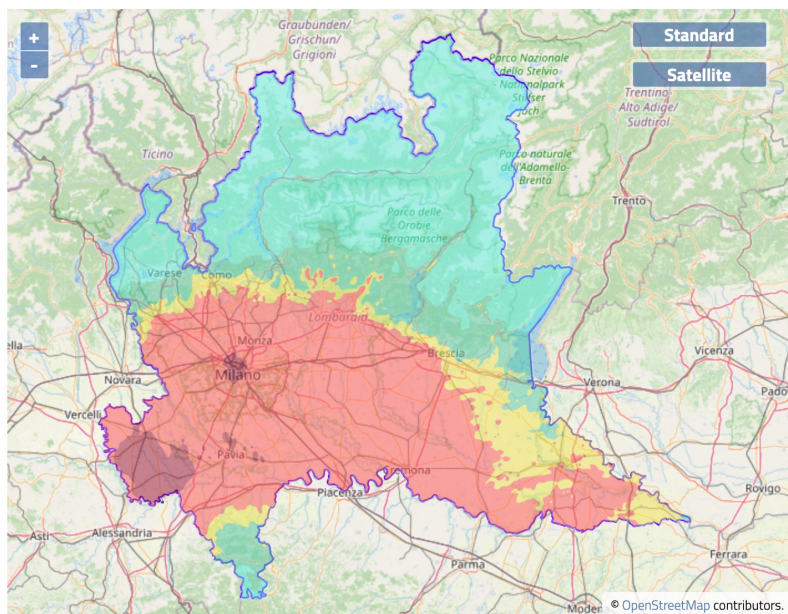
Qualità dell'aria in Lombardia: PM2.5



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20 febbraio 2024

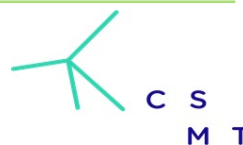
21 febbraio 2024



Legenda PM2.5 - ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)



<https://www.arpalombardia.it/temi-ambientali/aria/mappe-qualita-dellaria/>
<https://www.arpalombardia.it/temi-ambientali/aria/stime-modellistiche/>



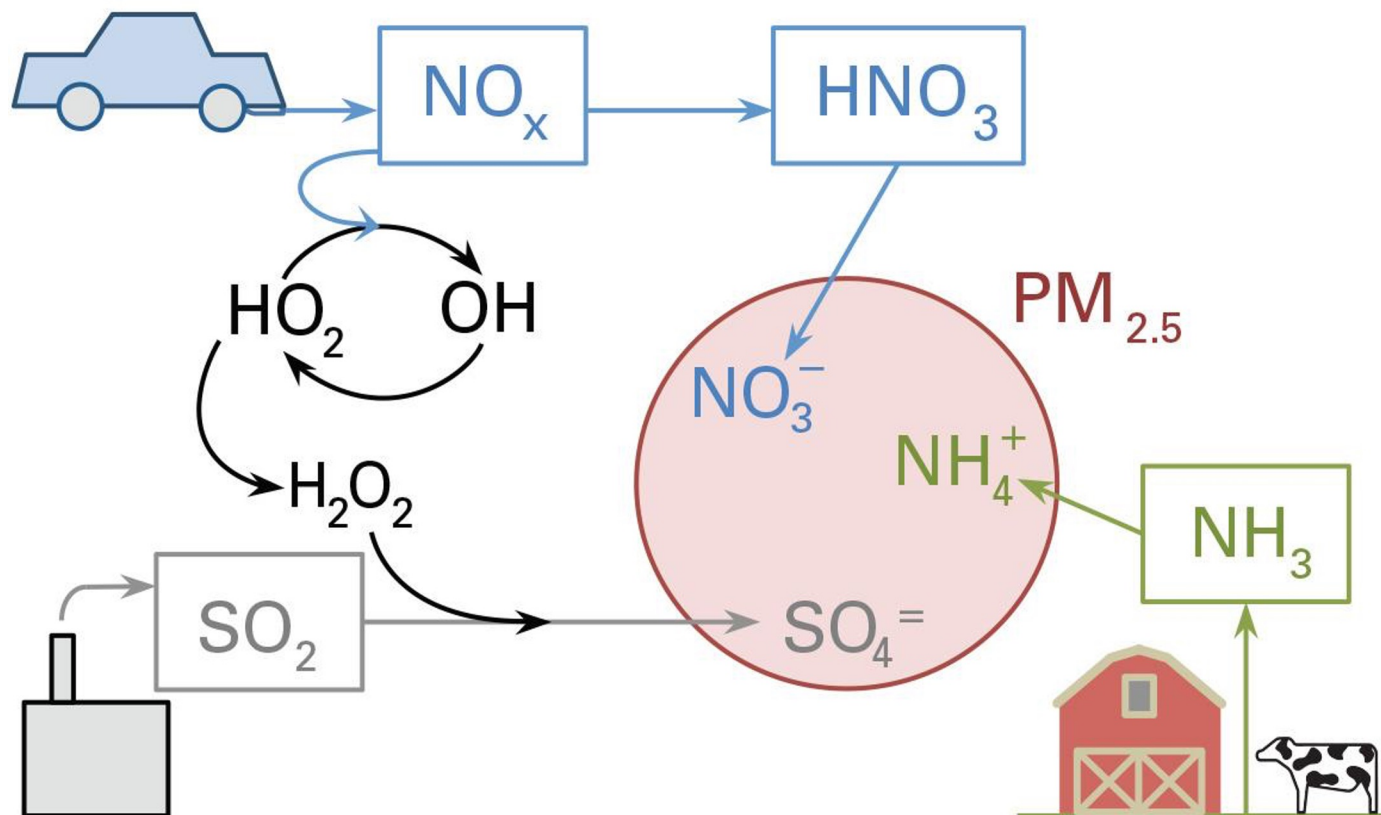
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Il particolato secondario



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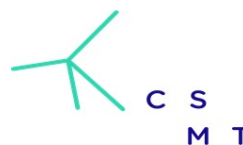
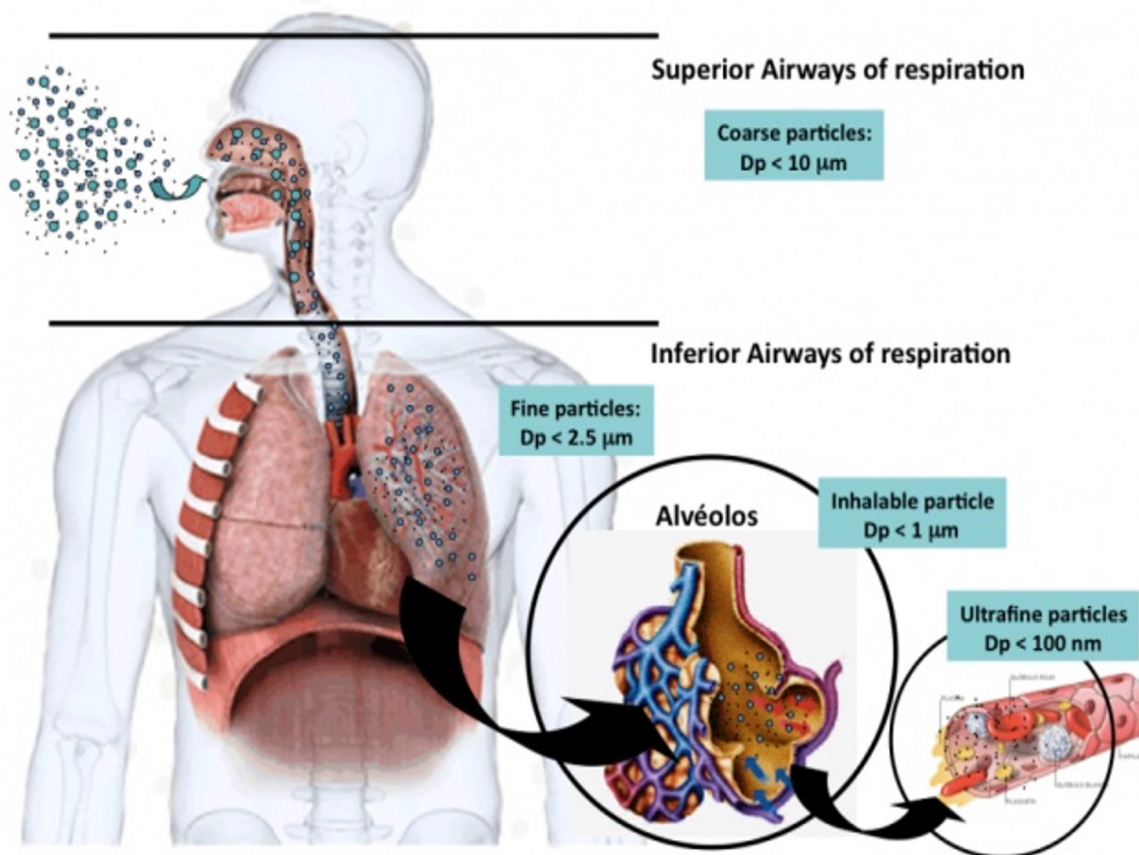
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DOI: 10.1021/acs.est.5b00008
Environ. Sci. Technol. 2015,
49, 4834–4841

Esposizione e salute



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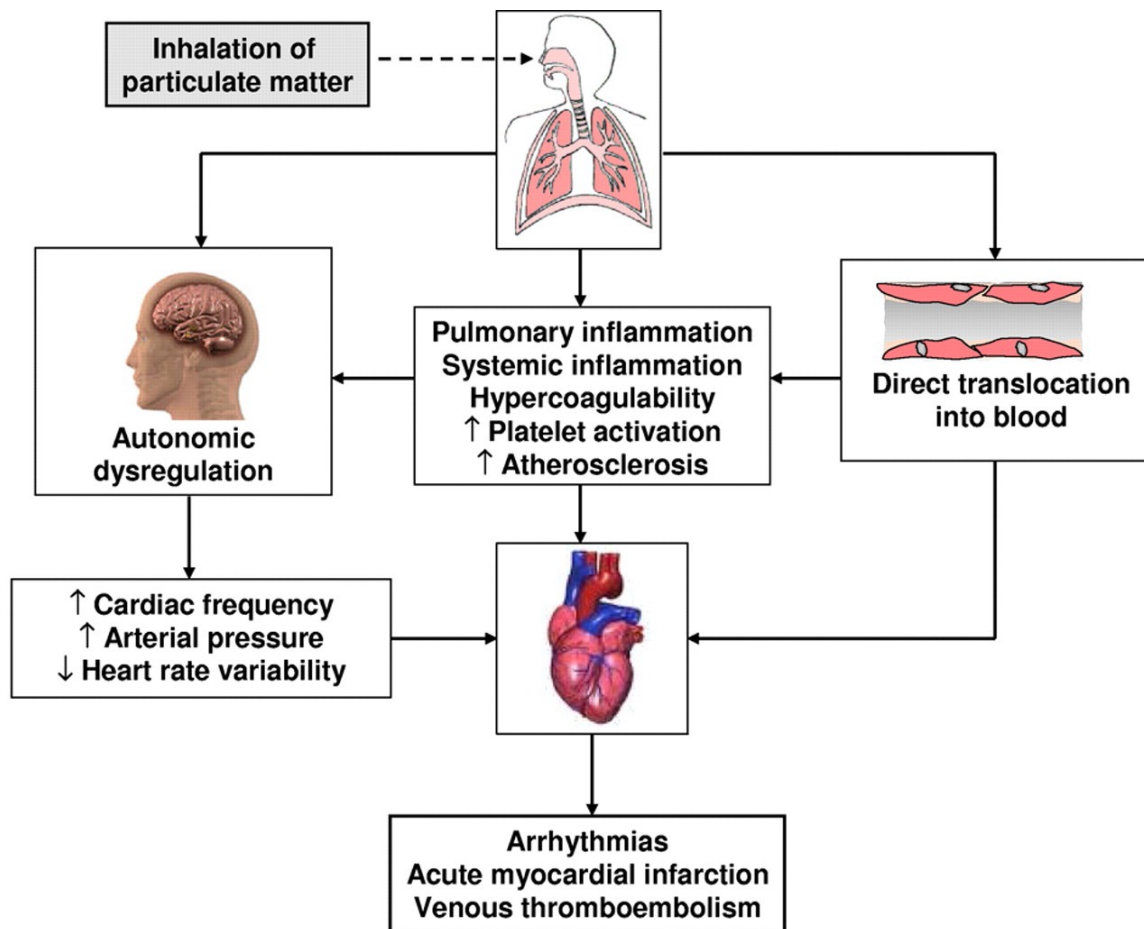


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Effetti sul sistema cardio-circolatorio



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Esposizione e mortalità nel mondo (WHO) e in Italia (EEA)



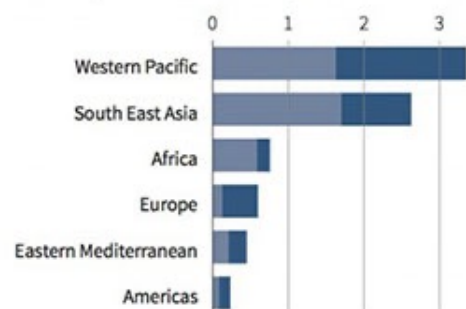
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Deadly air pollution

Air pollution killed around 7 million people worldwide in 2012 according to WHO's latest report.

Air pollution-linked deaths by region in millions

■ Indoor pollution ■ Outdoor pollution



Indoor pollution is mostly caused by cooking over coal, wood and biomass stoves.

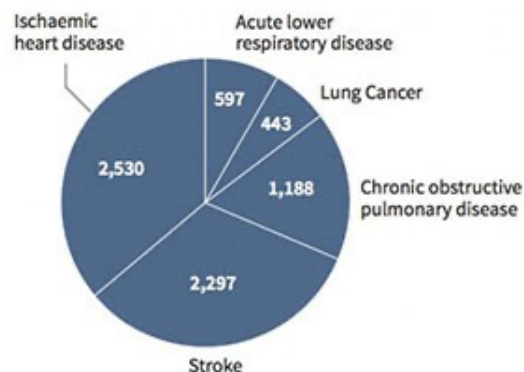
Outdoor pollution is mostly caused by transport, power generation, industrial and agricultural emissions, and residential heating and cooking.

Source: World Health Organization

C. Inton, 26/03/2014

REUTERS

Air pollution-linked deaths by disease in thousands



L'esposizione al PM_{2.5} sopra il limite di 5 µg/m³ (WHO 2021) ha portato nel 2020 in Italia a:
52300 morti premature
464300 anni di vita persi
775 anni di vita persi ogni 100k abitanti



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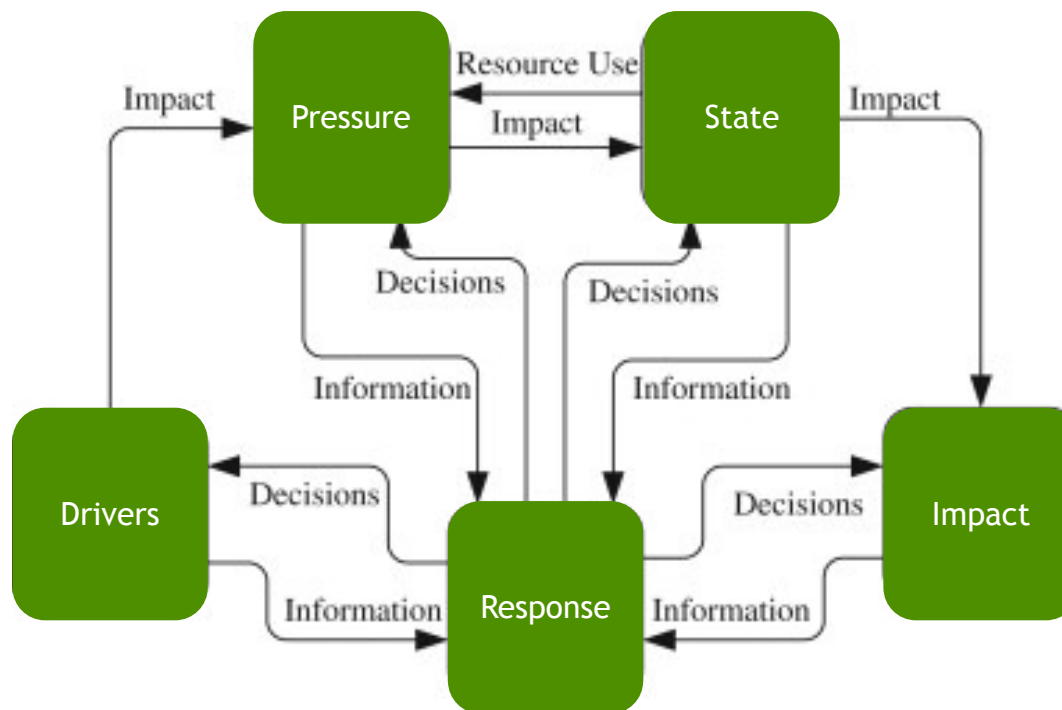
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Lombardy Mobility Cluster



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Metodi/modelli

Integrated Assessment Modeling

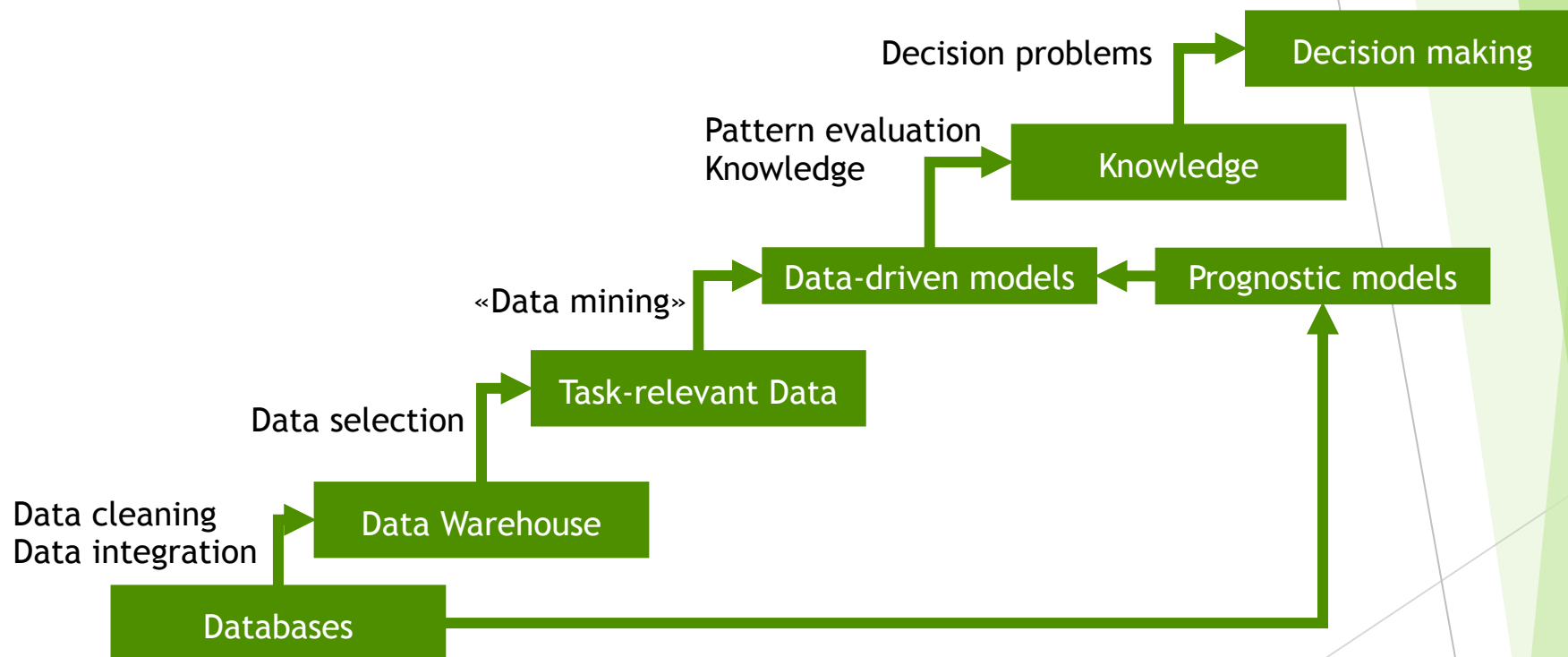


EEA DPSIR framework (1999)

Data science



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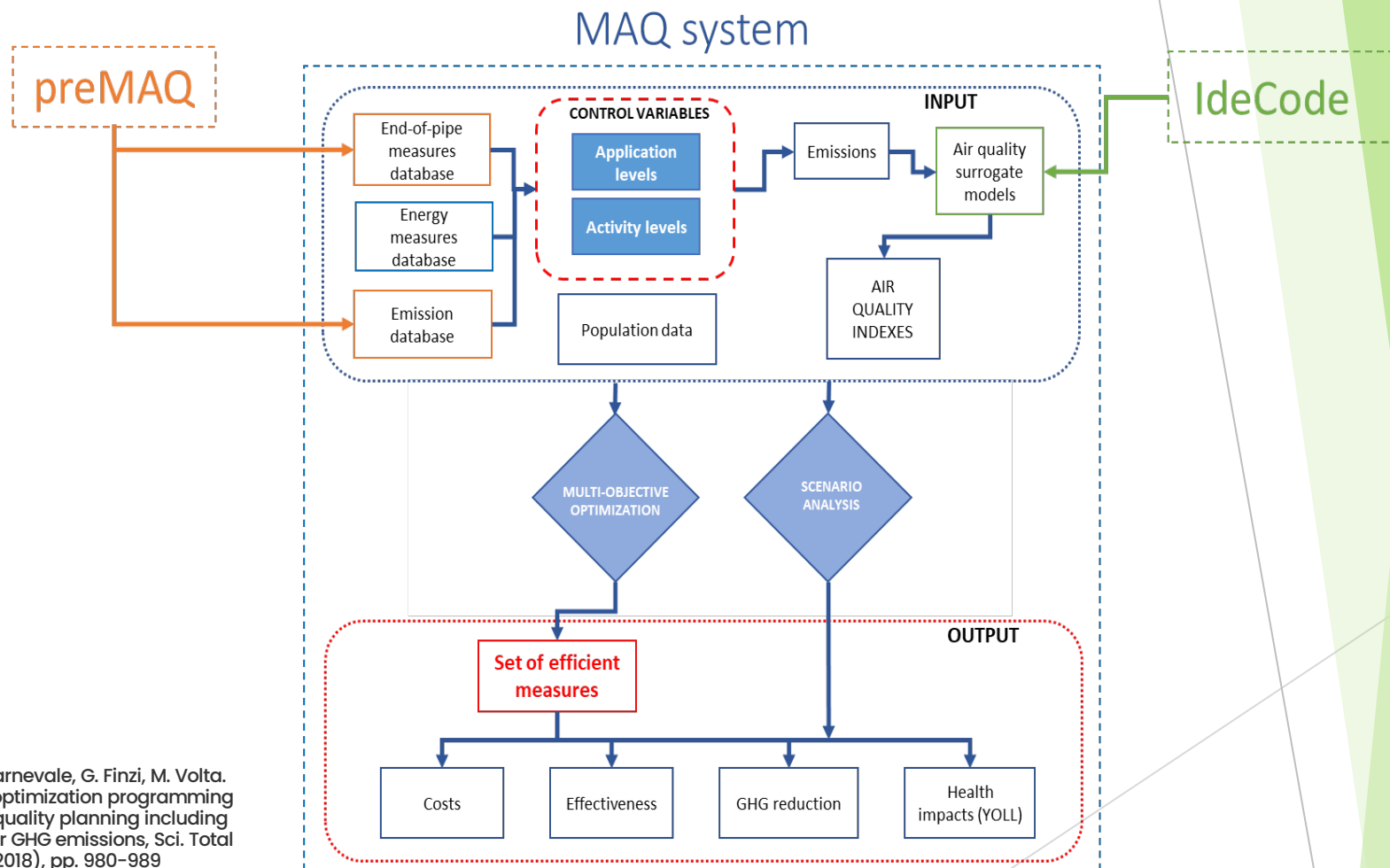
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Sistema modellistico MAQ



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E. Turrini, C. Carnevale, G. Finzi, M. Volta.
A non-linear optimization programming
model for air quality planning including
co-benefits for GHG emissions, Sci. Total
Environ., 621 (2018), pp. 980-989



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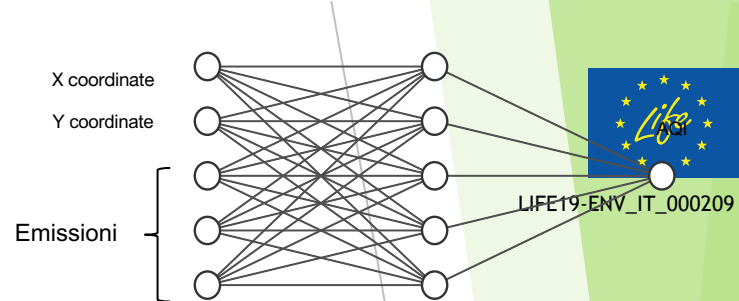
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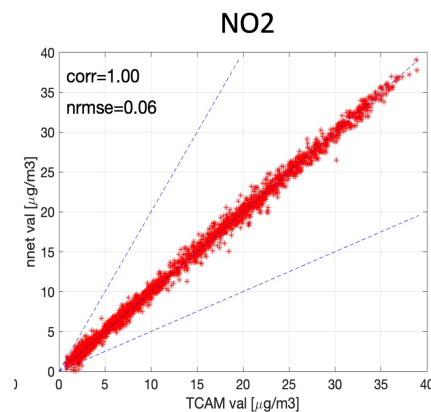
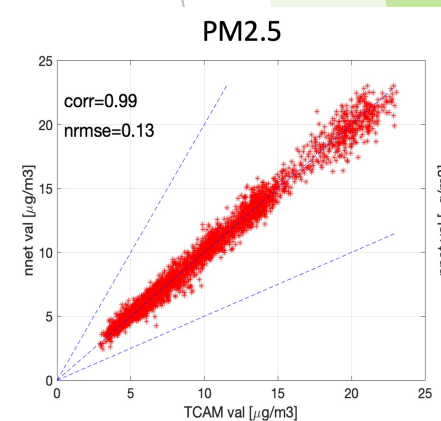
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Modelli Source-Receptor



	PM _{2.5} mean	NO ₂ mean
Precursors	PM ₁₀ , NO _x , NH ₃ , SO _x , VOC	NO _x , VOC
Input nodes	20	8
Layers	2	2
Hidden layer nodes	20	8
f ₁	hyperbolic tansig	hyperbolic tansig
f ₂	pure linear	pure linear

Index	PM _{2.5} mean	NO ₂ mean
Correlation	0.999	0.998
Normalized mean error	0.005	0.026
Explained variation	0.997	0.996
Standard deviation [µg/m ³]	0.106	1.107



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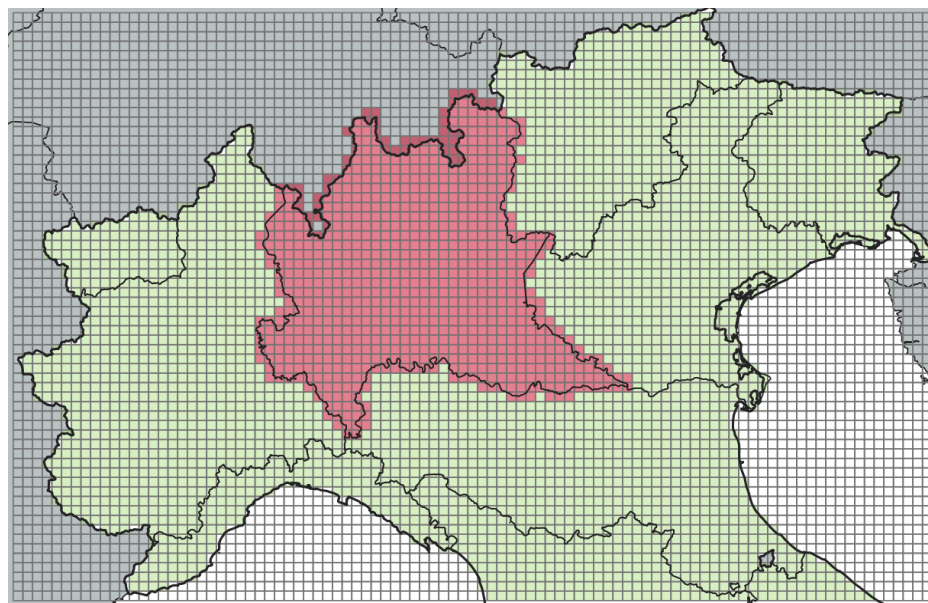


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SCENARI CLE2020, CLE2030

Dominio di applicazione: Regione Lombardia

62x95 celle di 6x6 km²



- Italy
- external domain
- Impact assessment domain



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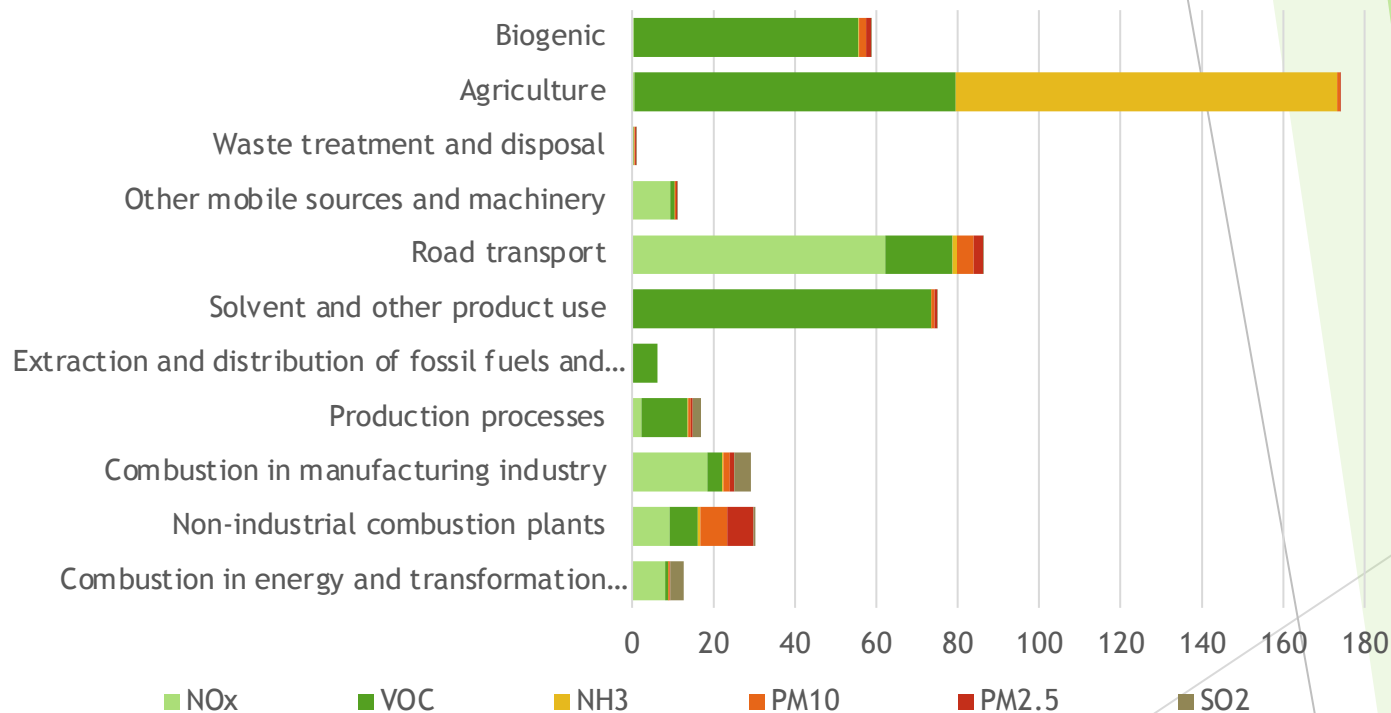
Database

- Emissioni (2017: Prepair - Life15 ipe it 013)
- Misure tecnologiche di riduzione delle emissioni (GAINS)
- Popolazione (Istat)
- Morti per tutte le cause
- Numero di capi allevati (Ismea)
- Utilizzo superfici egricole (Ismea-Istat)
- Numero di veicoli circolanti
- Carburante venduto (Copert-UNEM)
- Consumi energetici (TERNA)

Emissioni CLE2020 (kt/anno)



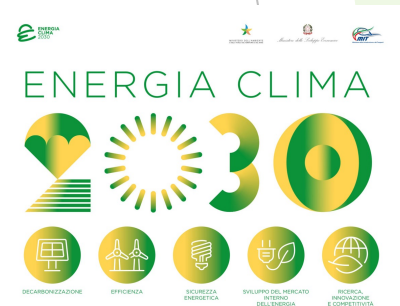
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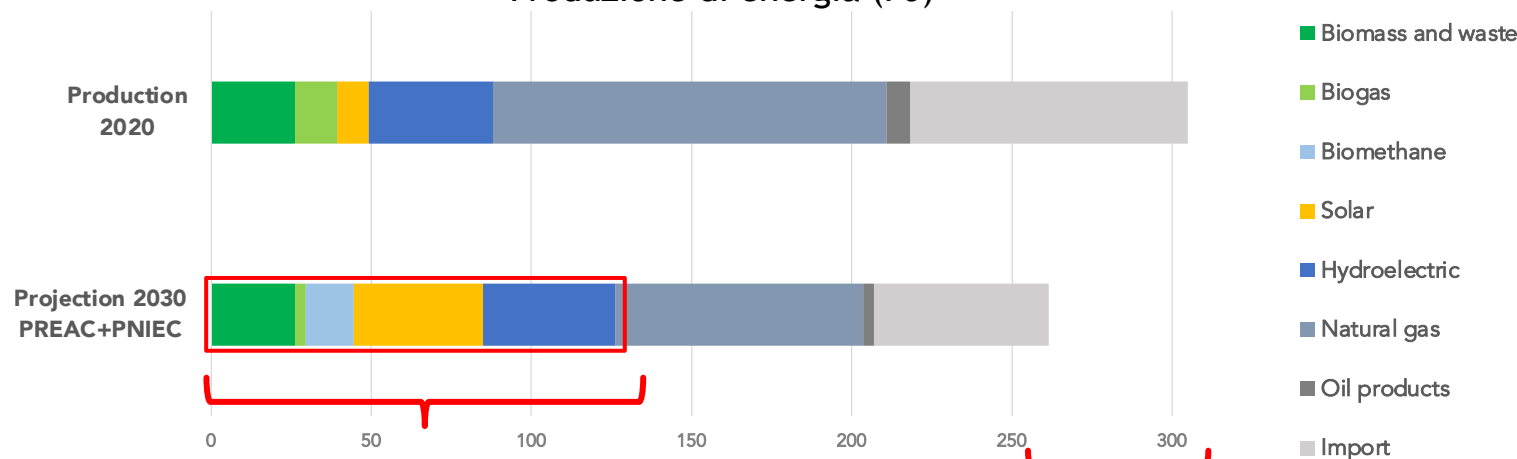


CLE2030



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Produzione di energia (PJ)

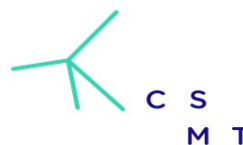


RES equal to 39% of electric production and 56% of thermal

Energy production reduction:
14%

Energy demand

Sector	2019 demand [Mtep]	2030 projection [Mtep]	Variation
Domestic heating	423	293	-31%
Agriculture	17	17	-3%
ETS industry	180	109	-39%
Non ETS industry	121	84	-32%
Transport	201	197	-14%



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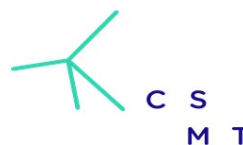
CLE2030: riduzione delle emissioni



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Emissions variation between CLE2030 and BC2020 [%]

Macrosettore CORINAIR	NOx	VOC	NH3	PM2.5	CO2
Produzione d'energia	-35%	-34%	-36%	-32%	-44%
Combustione non industriale	-31%	-31%	-31%	-31%	-31%
Industria	-30%	-32%	-35%	-31%	-23%
Estrazione e distribuzione combustibili	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Trasporto su strada	-23%	-21%	-31%	-20%	-26%
Agricoltura	-3%	-3%	-4%	-3%	3%
Totale	-23%	-4%	-5%	-22%	-23%



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SCENARI DUALNG2020, DUALNG2030

Stima della riduzione delle emissioni DUALNG

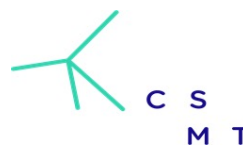


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inquinante	Variazione emissioni
CO2	-11,4%
NOx	-19,8 %
PM10	-32,1%



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Scenario DUALNG2020



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Emissioni

CORINAIR MS	NOx	VOC	NH3	PM10	PM25	SOx	CO2
Trasporto su strada	-9.5%	0%	0%	-3.6%	-6.2%	0%	-4%
TOTALE	-5%	0%	0%	-1%	-1%	0%	-1%

Indicatori di qualità dell'aria

	PM10 [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	PM2.5 [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	NO ₂ [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]
CLE2020	22.5	14.7	22.1
DUALNG2020	22.4	14.6	21.5



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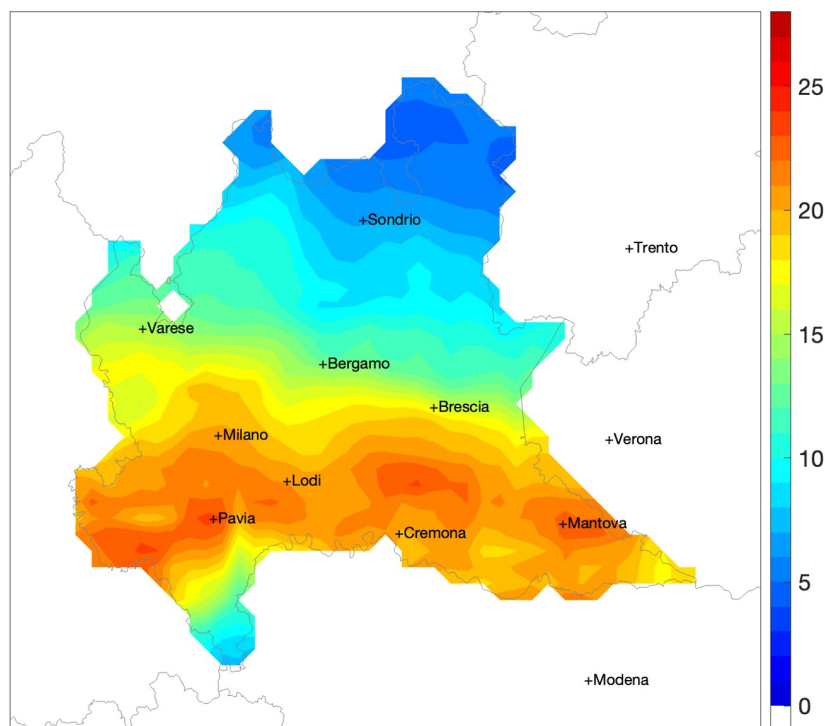


SCENARI 2020: PM2.5 [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]

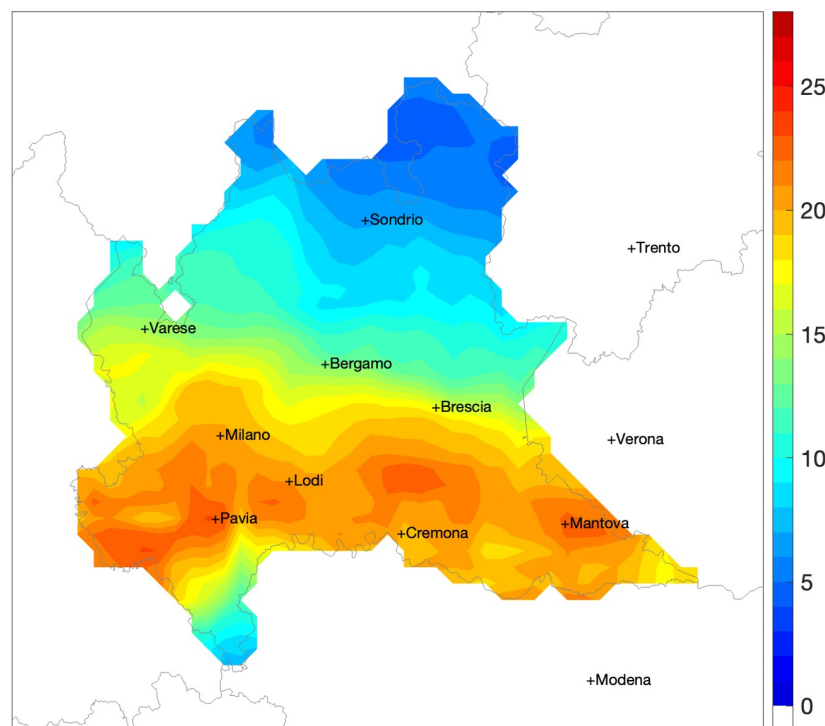


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CLE2020



DUALNG2020



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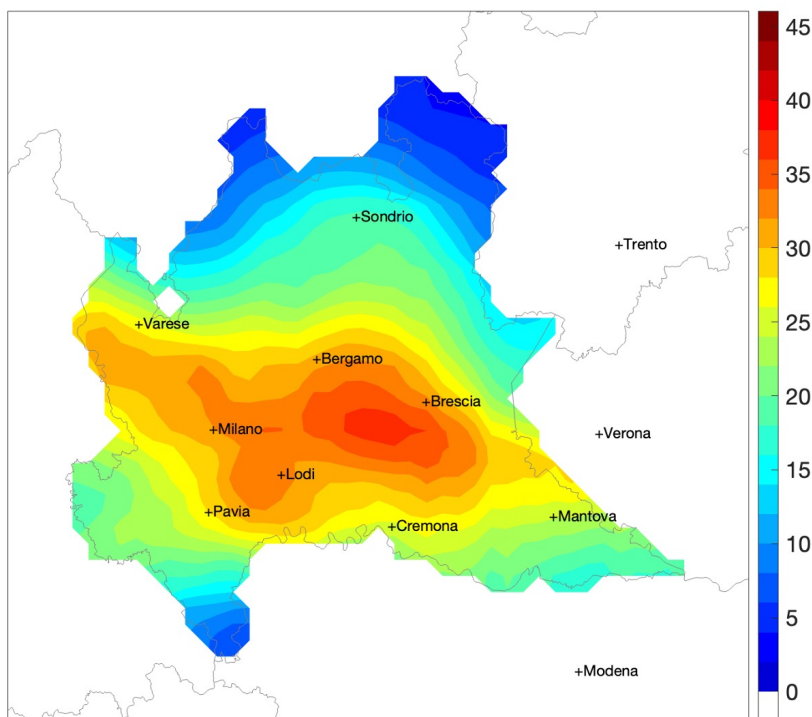


SCENARI 2020: NO₂ [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]

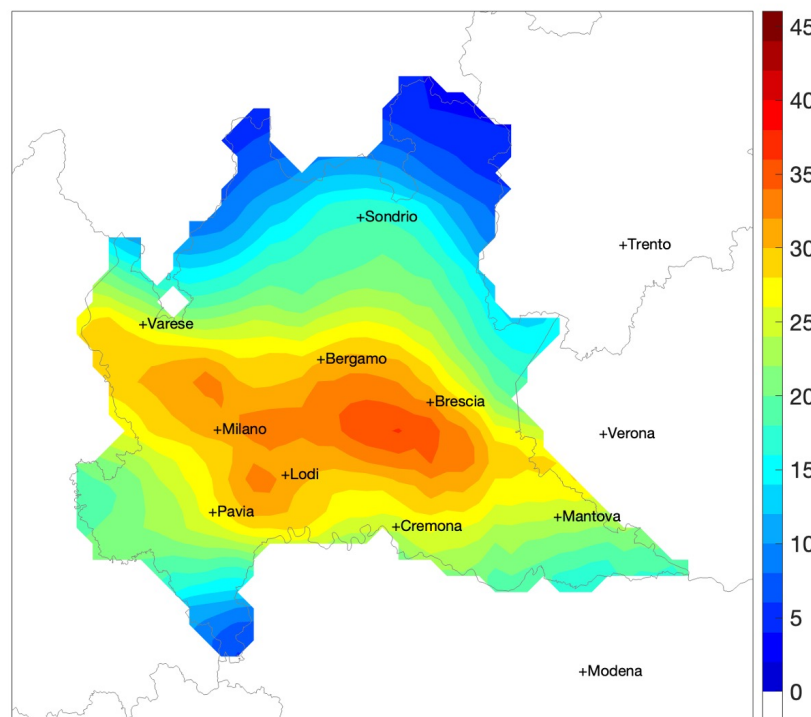


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CLE2020



DUALNG2020



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EU newtarget to 2030

WHO threshold

Scenario DUALNG2030



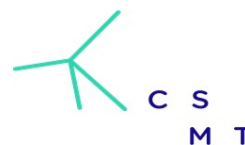
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Emissioni

CORINAIR MS	NOx	VOC	NH3	PM10	PM25	SOx	CO2
Trasporto su strada	-10.2%	0%	0%	-3.6%	-6.3%	0%	-4.5%
TOTAL	-6%	0%	0%	-1%	-1%	0%	-2%

Indicatori di qualità dell'aria

	PM10 [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	PM2.5 [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	NO ₂ [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]
PREAC	21.2	13.5	19.4
DUALNG2030	21.1	13.4	18.8



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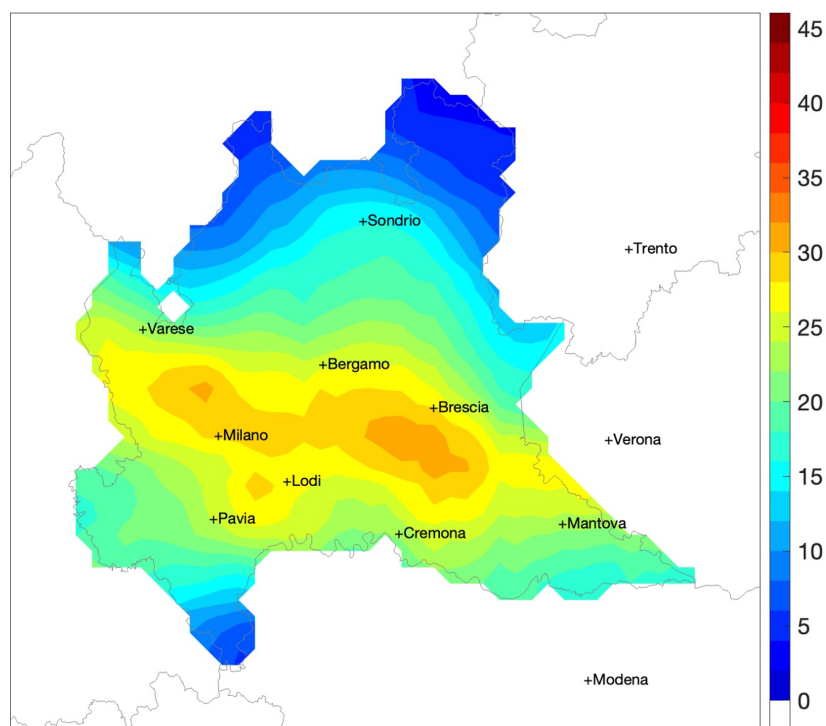


SCENARI 2030: PM2.5 [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]

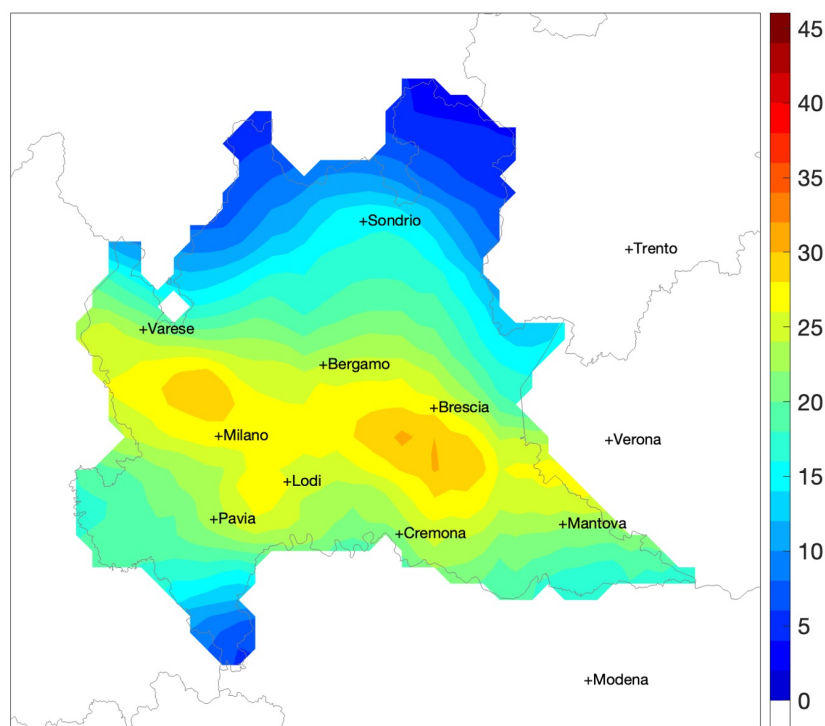


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CLE2030



DUALNG2030



EU target

WHO threshold



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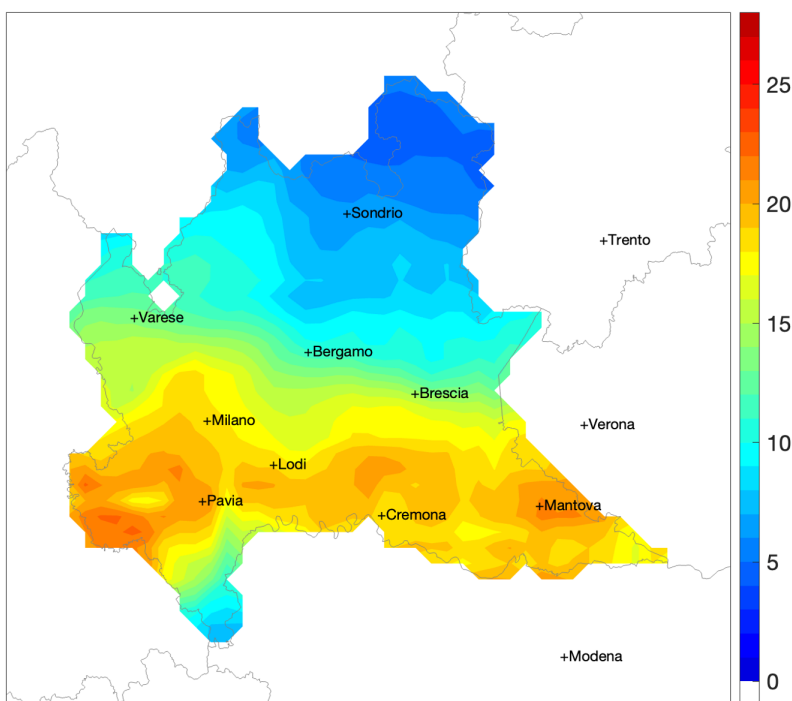


SCENARI 2030: NO₂ [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]

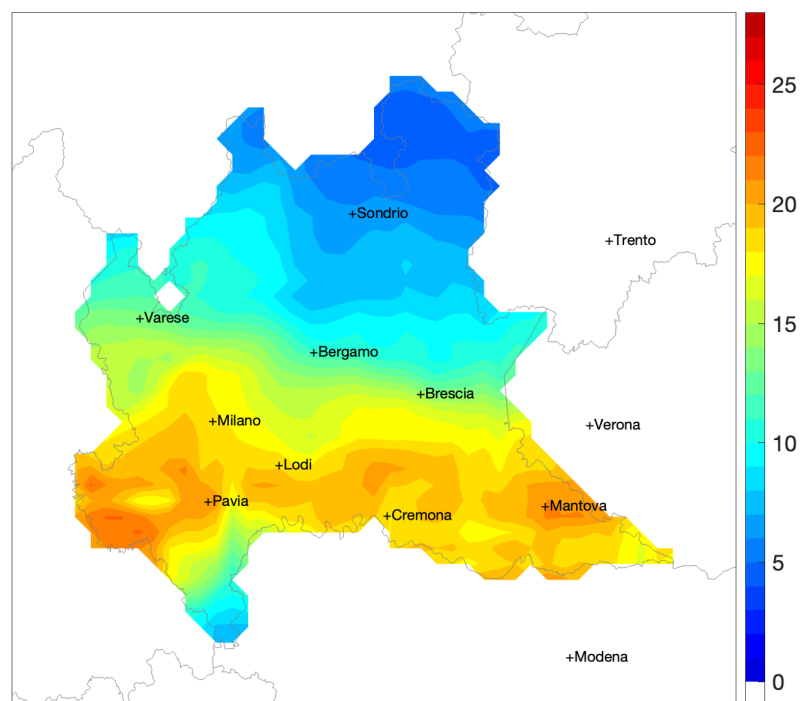


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CLE2030



DUALNG2030



EU target

WHO threshold



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Impatti sulla salute



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Morti attribuibili alla esposizione al PM2.5 per 100k abitanti

NUT3	CLE2020	DUALNG2020	PREAC2030	DUALNG2030
Varese	75 (61-88)	74 (61-87)	66 (54-77)	65 (53-76)
Como	85 (69-100)	83 (69-98)	74 (61-87)	72 (59-85)
Sondrio	29 (23-34)	28 (23-33)	23 (19-27)	22 (18-26)
Milano	106 (87-124)	106 (89-125)	99 (82-116)	97 (80-114)
Bergamo	66 (54-77)	65 (54-77)	53 (44-63)	53 (44-63)
Brescia	94 (77-111)	94 (78-110)	79 (65-93)	78 (64-92)
Pavia	137 (113-161)	137 (114-160)	132 (110-155)	132 (108-154)
Cremona	112 (92-131)	112 (93-131)	94 (77-110)	93 (76-109)
Mantova	126 (103-148)	125 (104-146)	114 (94-134)	113 (93-132)
Lecco	70 (57-83)	69 (58-82)	61 (50-71)	60 (49-70)
Lodi	116 (96-136)	116 (97-135)	102 (85-120)	101 (83-118)



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Conclusioni



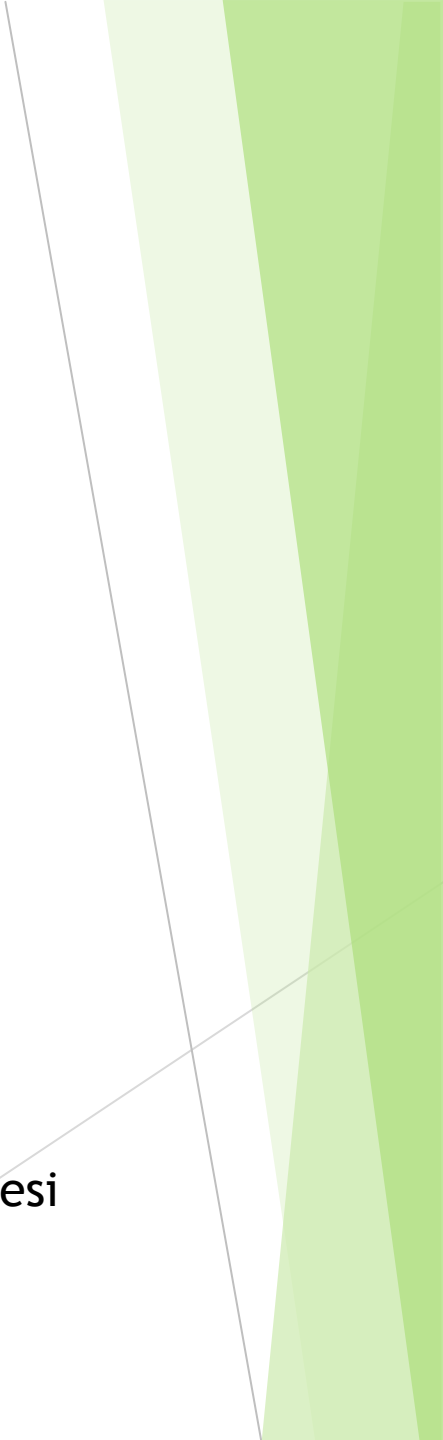
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- ▶ Approccio modellistico
- ▶ Raccolta database per la stima degli scenari base al 2020 e 2030
- ▶ Stima delle emissioni con DUALNG
- ▶ Stima impatto sulla qualità dell'aria ed esposizione di DUALNG
- ▶ DUALNG tra le tecnologie per compiere la transizione zero-pollution e zero-GHG-emissions



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Grazie

Integrated Assessment Modeling and Control research group
Marialuisa Volta, Laura Zecchi, Michele Arrighini, Claudio Marchesi



Heavy-duty vehicles retrofitting by Dual Fuel Liquid Natural Gas technology

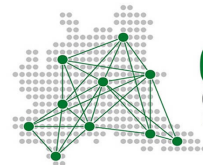


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